

PRODUCT INFORMATION SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name or	M-25 and M-65 Alloys
designation of the mixture	
Registration number	_
-	
Document number	A01
Synonyms	C17300 (M-25), C17465 (M-65), Copper Beryllium Alloy, Beryllium Copper Alloy, Copper Alloy
1.2. Relevant identified uses of	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
	Offshore industries
	Manufacture of basic metals, including alloys
	Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products, electrical equipment General manufacturing, e.g. machinery, equipment, vehicles, other transport equipment
	Electricity, steam, gas water supply and sewage treatment
	Scientific research and development
	Other: Manufacture of medical and defense equipment
Uses advised against	None known.
-	
1.3. Details of the supplier of t	ne safety data sheet
Supplier	
Company name	Materion Brush Inc.
Address	6070 Parkland Boulevard
	Mayfield Heights, OH 44124
	United States
Division	
Telephone	1.216.383.4019
e-mail	Materion-PS@materion.com
Contact person	Product Stewardship Director
1.4. Emergency telephone	1.216.383.4019
number	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health h	nazards
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Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4	H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4	H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
Respiratory sensitisation	Category 1	H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin sensitisation	Category 1	H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Carcinogenicity	Category 1B	H350 - May cause cancer.
Reproductive toxicity (fertility, the unborn child)	Category 1A	H360FD - May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Category 1 (Respiratory system)	H372 - Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended **Contains:**

Beryllium, Cobalt, Copper, Lead, Nickel

Signal word



Hazard statements	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H372	Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H350	May cause cancer.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P261	Avoid breathing dust.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P284	Wear respiratory protection.
Response	
P301 + P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
P330	Rinse mouth.
P302 + P350	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P308 + P311	If exposed or concerned: Call a poison centre/doctor.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342 + P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison centre/doctor.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	
P405	Store locked up.
Disposal	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Supplemental label information	Restricted to professional users. Exposure to the elements listed in Section 3 by inhalation, ingestion, and skin contact can occur when melting, casting, dross handling, pickling, chemical cleaning, heat treating, abrasive cutting, welding, grinding, sanding, polishing, milling, crushing, or otherwise heating or abrading the surface of this material in a manner which generates particulate.
	For further information, please contact the Product Stewardship Department at +1.216.383.4019.
2.3. Other hazards	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC). No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The mixture does not contain any substances included in the list established in accordance with REACH Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures General information Chemical name		%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Copper		97,1 -	7440-50-8	01-2119480154-42-0000	-	
		98,6	231-159-6			
	Classification: -					

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Beryllium	0,2 - 2	7440-41-7 231-150-7	01-2119487146-32-0000	004-001-00-7	#
Classi	fication: Skin Sens. 1	l;H317, Carc. 1B;H	350i, STOT SE 3;H335, STOT	RE 1;H372	
Nickel	0 - 1,4	7440-02-0 231-111-4	01-2119438727-29-0001		
Classi	fication: Skin Sens. 1	l;H317, Carc. 2;H3	51, STOT SE 3;H335, STOT F	RE 2;H373	
Lead	0,2 - 0,6	7439-92-1 231-100-4	-	082-014-00-7	#
	STOT RE 2;	H373	. 4;H332, Carc. 2;H351, Repr	. 1A;H360FD,	
Specific Concentration	1 Limits: STOT RE 2;	H373: C ≥ 0.5 %			
Cobalt	0 - 0,35	7440-48-4 231-158-0	01-2119517392-44-0000	027-001-00-9	
Classi		4;H302;(ATE: 500 rc. 1B;H350, Repr.	mg/kg bw), Resp. Sens. 1;H3 2;H361	334, Skin Sens.	
CLP: Regulation No. 1272/20 ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and ver PBT: persistent, bioaccumula #: This substance has been a All concentrations are in percent	ry bioaccumulative sul tive and toxic substar assigned Union workp	ice. lace exposure limit		prcent by volume	
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and ver PBT: persistent, bioaccumula #: This substance has been a All concentrations are in perc	ry bioaccumulative sul tive and toxic substar assigned Union workp cent by weight unless	ice. lace exposure limit ingredient is a gas		ercent by volume.	
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and ver PBT: persistent, bioaccumula #: This substance has been a All concentrations are in perc	ry bioaccumulative sul tive and toxic substan assigned Union workp cent by weight unless The full text for all	ice. lace exposure limit ingredient is a gas	Gas concentrations are in pe	ercent by volume.	
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ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and ver PBT: persistent, bioaccumula #: This substance has been a	ry bioaccumulative sultive and toxic substances assigned Union workp cent by weight unless The full text for all casures If exposed or concorned As supplied, there measures provided easures Breathing difficulty breathing has stop	Ice. lace exposure limit ingredient is a gas H-statements is di erned: get medical is no immediate m are related to par caused by inhalati ped, perform artific	Gas concentrations are in pe splayed in section 16. attention/advice. Wash conta edical risk with beryllium proc	aminated clothing ducts in article for nediate removal to	m. First aid o fresh air.
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ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and ver PBT: persistent, bioaccumula #: This substance has been a All concentrations are in perc omposition comments ECTION 4: First aid me eneral information .1. Description of first aid me Inhalation	ry bioaccumulative sultive and toxic substant assigned Union workp cent by weight unless The full text for all casures If exposed or conco As supplied, there measures provided easures Breathing difficulty breathing has stop stopped, perform a Take off contaminat remove all particulat thoroughly cleanse cleansing, disinfect continuing work. O lodged under the s	Ice. lace exposure limit ingredient is a gas H-statements is di erned: get medical is no immediate m are related to par caused by inhalati ped, perform artific intificial respiration ated clothing and w ate debris from the d. Treat skin cuts ing and covering to btain medical help kin must be remov eyes with plenty of	Gas concentrations are in persplayed in section 16. attention/advice. Wash contacted attention/advice. Wash contacted attention and section and containing beryllium. on of particulate requires immoved and obtain medical help. vash before reuse. Thoroughly a wound. Seek medical attention and obtain and obtain and contacted attention and wounds with standard fire prevent wound infection and for persistent irritation. Matered.	aminated clothing ducts in article for nediate removal to dical help. If brea y wash skin cuts o tion for wounds th rst aid practices su d contamination b rial accidentally in	m. First aid o fresh air. thing has or wounds to hat cannot b uch as hefore nplanted or
ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. M: M-factor vPvB: very persistent and ver PBT: persistent, bioaccumula #: This substance has been a All concentrations are in perc omposition comments SECTION 4: First aid me feneral information .1. Description of first aid me Inhalation Skin contact	ry bioaccumulative sultive and toxic substant assigned Union workport cent by weight unless The full text for all Casures If exposed or concor- As supplied, there measures provided easures Breathing difficulty breathing has stop stopped, perform a Take off contamina- remove all particula thoroughly cleanse cleansing, disinfect continuing work. O lodged under the s Immediately flush o occasionally. Get m If swallowed, seek immediately as dire	Ice. lace exposure limit ingredient is a gas H-statements is di erned: get medical is no immediate m are related to par caused by inhalati ped, perform artific artificial respiration ated clothing and w ate debris from the d. Treat skin cuts ing and covering to btain medical help kin must be remov eyes with plenty of nedical attention if medical advice im-	Gas concentrations are in persplayed in section 16. attention/advice. Wash contacted attention/advice. Wash contacted attention and section and containing beryllium. on of particulate requires immoved and obtain medical help. vash before reuse. Thoroughly a wound. Seek medical attention and obtain and obtain and contacted attention and wounds with standard fire prevent wound infection and for persistent irritation. Matered.	aminated clothing ducts in article for nediate removal to dical help. If brea y wash skin cuts o tion for wounds th rst aid practices su d contamination b rial accidentally in s, lifting lower and ainer or label. Ind	m. First aid o fresh air. thing has or wounds to hat cannot b uch as before nplanted or d upper eye uce vomitin

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treatment of Chronic Beryllium Disease: There is no known treatment which will cure chronic beryllium disease. Prednisone or other corticosteroids are the most specific treatment currently available. They are directed at suppressing the immunological reaction and can be effective in diminishing signs and symptoms of chronic beryllium disease. In cases where steroid therapy has had only partial or minimal effectiveness, other immunosuppressive agents, such as cyclophosphamide, cyclosporine, or methotrexate, have been used. In view of the potential side effects of all the immunosuppressive medications, including steroids such as prednisone, they should be used only under the direct care of a physician. Other treatment, such as oxygen, inhaled steroids or bronchodilators, may be prescribed by some physicians and can be effective in selected cases. In general, treatment is reserved for cases with significant symptoms and/or significant loss of lung function. The decision about when and with what medication to treat is a judgment situation for individual physicians.
	The effects of continued low exposure to beryllium are unknown for individuals who are sensitized to beryllium or who have a diagnosis of chronic beryllium disease. It is generally recommended that persons who are sensitized to beryllium or who have CBD terminate their occupational exposure to beryllium.
SECTION 5: Firefighting r	neasures
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. The product is non-combustible.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water to extinguish fires around operations involving molten metal due to the potential for steam explosions.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
5.3. Advice for firefighters Special protective equipment for firefighters	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.
Special firefighting procedures	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.
Specific methods	Pressure-demand self-contained breathing apparatus must be worn by firefighters or any other persons potentially exposed to the particulate released during or after a fire.
SECTION 6: Accidental re	lease measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

original precutions, prot	centre equipment una emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	Avoid inhalation of dust. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid inhalation of dust. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the Product Information Sheet. As supplied, this product poses no special release issues.
6.2. Environmental precautions	In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid release to the environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air). Clean up in accordance with all applicable regulations.
6.4. Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see section 8 of the Product Information Sheet. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the Product Information Sheet. For personal protection, see section 8 of the PIS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the PIS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimise dust generation and accumulation. Do not breathe dust/fume. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities 7.3. Specific end use(s)	Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the Product Information Sheet). Avoid contact with acids and alkalies. Avoid contact with oxidising agents. Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Croatia. OELs (GVI). Regulation on Protection of Workers against Exposure to Dangerous Chemicals at Work, OELs and Biological Limit Values, Annex I (NN 91/2018), as amended

Components	Туре	Value F	orm
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	MAC	0,0006 mg/m3	
Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4)	MAC	0,1 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	MAC	1 mg/m3	
		0,2 mg/m3 D	Just.
	STEL	2 mg/m3	
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	MAC	0,15 mg/m3	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	MAC	0,5 mg/m3	

EU. Directive 98/24/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work, Annex I List of Binding Occupational Exposure Limit Values

Components	Туре	Value	
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	TWA	0,15 mg/m3	
EU. OELs, Directive 2004/37/EC	on carcinogen and mutage	ns from Annex III, Part A	
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	TWA	0,0002 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

Biological limit values

Croatia. BELs (BGV). Regulation on Protection of Workers against Exposure to Dangerous Chemicals at Work, OELs and BELs, Annex IV (NN 91/2018), as amended

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	300 µg/l	Lead	Blood	*	
	1,5 mg/l	Protoporphyrin	Blood	*	
	15 u/l	Dehydratase δ-aminolevulini c acid	Blood	*	
	400 ug/l	Lead	Blood	*	
	2,67 umol/l	Protoporphyrin	Blood	*	

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

EU. Directive 98/24/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work, Annex II Binding Biological Limit Values and Health Surveillance Measures Components Value Determinant

Lead (CAS 7439-92-1)	70 µg pb/100		
	70 µg/100 ml	Lead	Blood

Recommended monitoring procedures	VENTILATION: Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recomme exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
	Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlet the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne gener Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Pr training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to des and install ventilation systems.
	WORK PRACTICES: Develop work practices and procedures that prevent particulate from cor in contact with worker skin, hair, or personal clothing. If work practices and/or procedures are ineffective in controlling airborne exposure or visual particulate from deposition on skin, hair, clothing, provide appropriate cleaning/washing facilities. Procedures should be written that cl communicate the facility's requirements for protective clothing and personal hygiene. These clothing and personal hygiene requirements help keep particulate from being spread to non-production areas or from being taken home by the worker. Never use compressed air to work clothing or other surfaces.
	Fabrication processes may leave a residue of particulate on the surface of parts, products or equipment that could result in employee exposure during subsequent material handling activi As necessary, clean loose particulate from parts between processing steps. As a standard hyperactice, wash hands before eating or smoking.
	WET METHODS: Machining operations are usually performed under a liquid lubricant/coolant which assists in reducing airborne particulate. However, the cycling through of machine coola containing finely divided particulate in suspension can result in the concentration building to a where the particulate may become airborne during use. Certain processes such as sanding an grinding may require complete hooded containment and local exhaust ventilation. Prevent co from splashing onto floor areas, external structures or operators' clothing. Utilize a coolant fil system to remove particulate from the coolant.
	HOUSEKEEPING: Use vacuum and wet cleaning methods for particulate removal from surface certain to de-energize electrical systems, as necessary, before beginning wet cleaning. Use v cleaners with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA). Do not use compressed air, brooms, or conventional vacuum cleaners to remove particulate from surfaces as this activity can result in elevated exposures to airborne particulate. Follow the manufacturer's instructions when perform maintenance on HEPA filtered vacuums used to clean hazardous materials.
Derived no effect levels (DNELs)	Not available.
Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)	Not available.

Croatia ELVs: Skin designation

Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
8.2. Exposure controls	
controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Whenever possible, the use of local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls is the preferred method of controlling exposure to airborne particulate. Where utilized, exhaust inlets to the ventilation system must be positioned as close as possible to the source of airborne generation. Avoid disruption of the airflow in the area of a local exhaust inlet by equipment such as a man-cooling fan. Check ventilation equipment regularly to ensure it is functioning properly. Provide training on the use and operation of ventilation to all users. Use qualified professionals to design and install ventilation systems.
Individual protection measures,	, such as personal protective equipment
General information	Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen

Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

Eye/face protection	Wear approved safety glasses, goggles, face shield and/or welder's helmet when risk of eye injury is present, particularly during operations that generate dust, mist or fume.
Skin protection	
- Hand protection	Wear gloves to prevent contact with particulate or solutions. Wear gloves to prevent metal cuts and skin abrasions during handling.
- Other	Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment. Protective overgarments or work clothing must be worn by persons who may become contaminated with particulate during activities. Skin contact with this material may cause, in some sensitive individuals, an allergic dermal response. Particulate that becomes lodged under the skin has the potential to induce sensitization and skin lesions.
Respiratory protection	When airborne exposures exceed or have the potential to exceed the occupational exposure limits, approved respirators must be used as specified by an Industrial Hygienist or other qualified professional. Respirator users must be medically evaluated to determine if they are physically capable of wearing a respirator. Quantitative and/or qualitative fit testing and respirator training must be satisfactorily completed by all personnel prior to respirator use. Users of tight fitting respirators must be clean shaven on those areas of the face where the respirator seal contacts the face. Use pressure-demand airline respirators when performing jobs with high potential exposures such as changing filters in a baghouse air cleaning device.
Thermal hazards	Not applicable. Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
Hygiene measures	Not available.
Environmental exposure controls	Environmental manager must be informed of all major releases.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Solid.
Form	Solid. Various shapes.
Colour	Copper.
Odour	Not applicable.
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	1083 °C (1981,4 °F) estimated
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	2468 °C (4474,4 °F) estimated
Flammability	None known.
Upper/lower flammability or e	explosive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not applicable.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable.
рН	Not applicable.
Kinematic viscosity	Not available.
Solubility	
Solubility (water)	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	0,79 hPa estimated
Density and/or relative densit	у
Density	8,82 g/cm3 estimated
Relative density	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Particle characteristics	Not available.
9.2. Other information	
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes	No relevant additional information available.

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Flammability (temperature)	Not applicable.
Specific gravity	8,82 estimated
Viscosity	Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity	Not available.
10.2. Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
10.4. Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid dust formation. Contact with acids. Contact with alkalis.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Do not mix with other chemicals. None known.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

General information

or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) thro Skin contact May cause an allergic skin reaction. Eye contact Not likely, due to the form of the product. Lead is absorbed into the body by ingestion Symptoms Difficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Respiratory of 11.1. Information on hazard Acute toxicity Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction. Skin corrosion/irritation Not likely, due to the form of the product. Serious eye damage/eye irritation Not acute toxicity Respiratory sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Skin sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Skin sensitisation May cause allergic skin reaction. Germ cell mutagenicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Carcinogenicity Cancer hazard. IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenic to humans. Lead (CAS 7440-41-7) 1 Carcinogenic to humans. Nickel (CAS 7440-44-02-0) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Nickel (CAS 7440-42-0) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	included on incly routes of			
Eye contactNot likely, due to the form of the product.IngestionNot likely, due to the form of the product. Lead is absorbed into the body by ingestionSymptomsDifficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Respiratory of11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008Acute toxicityHarmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause allergic skin reaction.Skin corrosion/irritationNot likely, due to the form of the product.Serious eye damage/eye irritationHarmful in contact with eyes.Respiratory sensitisationMay cause allergic of asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.Skin sensitisationMay cause an allergic skin reaction.Germ cell mutagenicityDue to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.CarcinogenicityCarcer hazard.IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenic to humans. Nickel (CAS 7440-41-7)1 Carcinogenic to humans.Lead (CAS 7440-42-0)May damage fertility or the unborn child.Specific target organ toxicityMay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.Specific target organ toxicityMay cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposureSpecific target organ toxicityMay cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposureSpecific target organ toxicityTup or antial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.Aspiration hazardDue to partial or complete lack of data the class	Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled. May cause sensitisation by inhalation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
IngestionNot likely, due to the form of the product. Lead is absorbed into the body by ingestionSymptomsDifficulty in breathing. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Respiratory of11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008Acute toxicityHarmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inha Harmful if swallowed. May cause allergic skin reaction.Skin corrosion/irritationNot likely, due to the form of the product.Serious eye damage/eye irritationHarmful in contact with eyes.Respiratory sensitisationMay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.Skin sensitisationMay cause an allergic skin reaction.Germ cell mutagenicityDue to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.Carcinogenicity1 Carcinogenic to humans. 2 B Possibly car	Skin contact	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
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properties to human health as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) N 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greate 0.1% by weight.	11.2. Information on other haz	ards		
Other information Symptoms may be delayed.		This mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties with respect to human health as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.		
	Other information	Symptoms may be delayed.		

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment.			
Product		Species	Test Results	
M-25 and M-65 Alloys				
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Fish	0,0319 mg/l, 96 hours estimated	
Components		Species	Test Results	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)				
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Blue crab (Callinectes sapidus)	0,0031 mg/l	
Fish	LC50	Chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	0,02 mg/l, 96 hours	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)				
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	0,06 mg/l, 4 days	
* Estimates for product may	be based on add	ditional component data not shown.		
12.2. Persistence and degradability	No data is ava	ailable on the degradability of this prod	uct.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	No data availa	able.		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Not available.			
Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Not available.			
12.4. Mobility in soil	No data availa	able.		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.			
12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	This mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties with respect to the environment as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.			
12.7. Other adverse effects		No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.		
SECTION 13: Disposal co	onsideration	ns		
13.1. Waste treatment metho				

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
EU waste code	The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.
Disposal methods/information	Material should be recycled if possible. Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.
Special precautions	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
CECTION 14. Transmort	- information

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. UN number

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.2. UN proper shipping Not regulated as dangerous goods. name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class Not assigned. Subsidiary risk Hazard No. (ADR) Not assigned. **Tunnel restriction** Not assigned. code 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental No. hazards 14.6. Special precautions Not assigned. for user RID 14.1. UN number Not regulated as dangerous goods. 14.2. UN proper shipping Not regulated as dangerous goods. name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class Not assigned. Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental No. hazards 14.6. Special precautions Not assigned. for user ADN 14.1. UN number Not regulated as dangerous goods. 14.2. UN proper shipping Not regulated as dangerous goods. name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class Not assigned. Subsidiary risk -14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental No. hazards 14.6. Special precautions Not assigned. for user ΙΑΤΑ 14.1. UN number Not regulated as dangerous goods. 14.2. UN proper shipping Not regulated as dangerous goods. name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class Not assigned. Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental No. hazards 14.6. Special precautions Not assigned. for user IMDG 14.1. UN number Not regulated as dangerous goods. 14.2. UN proper shipping Not regulated as dangerous goods. name 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) Class Not assigned. Subsidiary risk 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Marine pollutant No. EmS Not assigned. 14.6. Special precautions Not assigned. for user

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU regulations Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended Not listed. Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended Not listed. Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended Not listed Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended Not listed. Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended Not listed Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Authorisations Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended Not listed. **Restrictions on use** Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use, as amended - Conditions of restriction given for the associated entry number should be considered Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7) 28 Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended. Cobalt (CAS 7440-48-4) Beryllium (CAS 7440-41-7) Lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Regulation 2019/1148 on Marketing and Use of Explosive Precursors, Annex I, as amended Not listed Regulation 2019/1148 on Marketing and Use of Explosive Precursors, Annex II, as amended Not listed. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Other regulations Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work. Pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure. The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. National regulations Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents. According to Directive 92/85/EEC as amended, pregnant women should not work with the product, if there is the least risk of exposure. Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended Use of this product by young persons under the age of 18 is not allowed in accordance with the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 [SI 1999/3242], as amended. Follow national regulation on the protection of workers from the risks of exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, in accordance with Directive 2004/37/EC, as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. ADR: Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. CAS: Chemical Abstract Service. CEN: European Committee for Standardization. IATA: International Air Transport Association. IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. MAC: Maximum Allowed Concentration. MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic. RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. STEL: Short term exposure limit. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative. References Not available. Information on evaluation The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculatior method leading to the methods and test data, if available. classification of mixture Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15 H302 Harmful if swallowed. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H350 May cause cancer. H350i May cause cancer by inhalation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H361 Suspected of damaging fertility. H372 Causes damage to organs (respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. **Revision information** This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety. **Training information** Follow training instructions when handling this material. Disclaimer This document has been prepared using data from sources considered to be technically reliable and the information is believed to be correct. Materion makes no warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information contained herein. Materion cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its products may be used and the actual conditions of use are beyond its control. The user is responsible to evaluate all available information when using this product for any particular use and to comply with all Federal, State, Provincial and Local laws, statutes and regulations. To avoid any misunderstandings or incorrect assumptions by the receiver of the safety information,

To avoid any misunderstandings or incorrect assumptions by the receiver of the safety information, it should be made clear that the supplied information is not in the form of a Safety Data Sheet (SDS), but is actually a voluntary Product Information Sheet closely following the guidelines of the Safety Data Sheet – COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 (REACH/SDS).